

ARMENIA IN THE MILITARY-INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX OF THE USSR (1922–1991)

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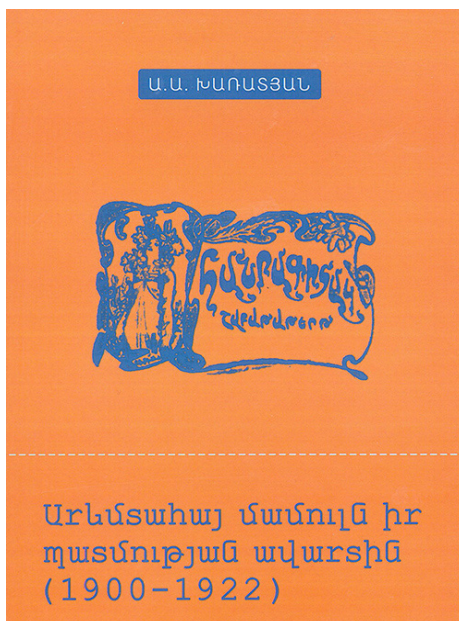
Summary

For the first time in the Armenian historiography the problem of participation of the branches of the Military Defense industry and science of Soviet Armenia in the military-industrial complex (MIC) of the USSR in 1922–1991 is generalized and comprehensively studied on the basis of numerous declassified archival documents, historical evidence, published collections of documents and materials, as well as the scientific literature. The study also examines the questions of organization and implementation of military and defensive measures in Soviet Armenian.

<http://www.fundamentalarmenology.am/datas/pdfs/224.pdf>

THE DECLINE OF THE WESTERN ARMENIAN PRESS (1900-1922)

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Summary

Western Armenian neutral press of the first quarter of the 20th century displayed the ethnic, political and cultural life of Western Armenians, living in the Ottoman Empire. It was almost the last period of the history of Western Armenian print that manifested not only the reality of the Armenian communities in the western regions of the Ottoman Empire, but also the real existence of the Armenian population in western part of the Armenian Homeland - Western Armenia until the Armenian Genocide. After the genocide and patricide perpetrated against the Armenian nation in Western Armenia and the end of the First World War, Armenian press published in Smyrna and Constantinople, lost its national and

spiritual bases that it ever had in the Homeland and began to function as a spiritual sphere and a means of information for the Armenians of Smyrna (until the 1922 disaster of Smyrna) and Constantinople.

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